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B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2014

Seventh Semester

Branch: Mechanical Engineering / Automobile Engineering

REFRIGERATION AND AIRCONDITIONING (M, U)

(Old Scheme - Prior to 2010 Admissions)

[Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Use of Refrigeration and Airconditioning tables and charts and Steam tables are permitted.

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 1. Define the COP of a refrigerator.
- 2. What are the advantages of air refrigeration systems?
- 3. What is the function of a flash intercooler provided in a multistage vapour compression refrigeration system?
- 4. Explain Actual vapour compressors system with the help of neat p-h diagram.
- 5. What is the role of Analyser and Rectifier in an absorption system refrigeration?
- 6. Derive the expression for COP of an ideal vapour absorption system.
- 7. Explain the working of a thermostatic expansion valve with a sketch.
- 8. Explain Direct expansion coils.
- 9. Write short note on the factors affecting comfort Airconditioning.
- 10. Write short note on the design of air duct systems.

 $(10 \times 4 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 12 marks.

11. A Bell-Coleman refrigerator operates between pressure limits of 1 bar and 8 bar. Air is drawn from the cold chamber at 9° C, compressed and then it is cooled to 29° C before entering the

Turn over



expansion cylinder. Expansion and compression follow the law pv^{1.35} = constant. Calculate the theoretical Cop of the system. For air take $\gamma=1.4$, $C_p=1.003$ kJ/kgK.

Or

- 12. Explain with the help of T.S. diagram and schematic diagram, the working of Boot strap system with evaporative cooling.
- 13. Describe the factors affecting the performance of a simple vapour compression system.

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- 14. A Freon-12 refrigerator is required to produce ice at 0° C from water at 20° C. The machine has a condenser temperature of 298 K while the evaporator temperature is 268 K. The relative efficiency of the machine is 50% and 6 kg of freon-12 refrigerant is circulated through the system per minute. The refrigerant enters the compressor with a dryness fraction of 0.6 specific heat of water is 4.187 kJ/kgK and the latent heat of ice is 335 kJ/Kg. Calculate the amount of ice produced in a day.
- 15. Draw a neat diagram of three fluid system of refrigeration (Electroflux Refrigerator) and explain its working.

Or

- 16. Draw a neat compact diagram of Lithium bromide water absorption refrigeration system and explain its working. List out the major fields of applications of this refrigeration system.
- 17. Describe the working of screw and rotary type compressors with sketch.

Or

- 18. Explain the working of a float valve. Compare the working of a float valve with Solenoid valve.
- 19. Explain in detail the factors to be taken into consideration while selecting an airconditioning system.

Or

20. Enumerate and explain the components of Cooling - load estimate.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$

