

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

Third Semester

Branch: Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EE 010 306—MECHANICAL TECHNOLOGY (EE)

(2010 Admission onwards—New Scheme)

[Regular/Improvement/Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. Differentiate between Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids.
- 2. Differentiate between Eulerian and Lagrangian approaches of fluid flow.
- 3. Give a comparison between Pelton wheel and Francis turbines.
- 4. Define specific speed of a centrifugal pump.
- 5. Define the term "Net positive suction head".

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. Briefly explain the importance of viscosity in fluid motion.
- 7. List the assumptions made in the derivation of Bernoullis equation.
- 8. How can cavitation be avoided in reaction turbine?
- 9. Briefly discuss the working of an airlift pump.
- 10. Discuss the applications of positive displacement pumps.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 12 marks.

11. Define and explain Pascal's law. What are the applications of this law?

Or

Turn over

- 12. With neat sketch, explain the analytical method for determining meta-centric height of a floating body?
- 13. Describe with the help of sketch the construction, operation and use of a Pitot tube.

Or

- 14. Derive an expression for loss of head due to friction in pipes. How will you determine friction factors for laminar and turbulent flow?
- 15. What are the uses of a draft tube? Describe with neat sketches different types of draft tubes.

Or

- 16. What is specific speed of a turbine? Derive expressions and state its significance in the study of hydraulic machines.
- 17. Draw and explain the significance of : main, operating and ISO efficiency characteristic curves of a centrifugal pump.

Or

- 18. Discuss the following, with neat sketches:
 - (a) Hydraulic balancing.
 - (b) Wear rings.
 - (c) Priming.
- 19. What are rotary axial and rotary radial piston pumps? What are their applications?

Or

- 20. Differentiate between:
 - (a) Single acting and double acting reciprocating pump.
 - (b) Single cylinder and double cylinder reciprocating pump.
 - (c) Gear pump and vane pump.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$

