Course Number	Course Name	L-T-P-Credits	Year of Introduction
ME200	Fluid mechanics and Machinery	3-1-0-4	2016

Prerequisite : Nil

Course Objectives:

- To introduce students, the fundamental concepts related to the mechanics of fluids.
- To understand the basic principles of fluid machines and devices.
- To apply acquired knowledge on real life problems.
- To analyze existing fluid systems and design new fluid systems.

Syllabus

Fundamental Concepts, fluid statics and dynamics, fluid kinematics, boundary layer theory, hydraulic turbines, positive displacement pumps, rotary motion of liquids**,** centrifugal pump, pumping devices.

Expected Outcome

Up on completion of course the students might be in a position to:

i. Analyze flow problems associated with statics, kinematics and dynamics of fluids.
ii. Design and analyze fluid devices such as water turbines and pumps.
iii. Understand and rectify problems faced in practical cases of engineering applications.

Text Book:

1. Modi P. N. and S. M. Seth, *Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics*, S.B.H Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
2. Kumar D. S., *Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Power Engineering*, S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, 1998.

References:

1. J. F. Douglas, “Fluid Mechanics”, Pearson education.
2. Cengel Y. A. and J. M. Cimbala, Fluid Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
3. Robert W. Fox and Mc Donald, “Introduction to fluid dynamics”, John Wiley and sons
4. K. Subrahmanya, “Theory and applications of fluid mechanics”, (TMH)
5. Shames. I. H, “Mechanics of fluids”.
6. Jagadish Lal, “Fluid mechanics and Hydraulic machines”.
7. R K Bansal, “Hydraulic Machines”

Course Plan

Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. exam marks
I	**Fundamental concepts:** Properties of fluid - density, specific weight, viscosity, surface tension, capillarity, vapour pressure, bulk modulus, compressibility, velocity, rate of shear strain, Newton’s law of viscosity, Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids, real and ideal fluids, incompressible and compressible fluids.	6	15%

II	**Fluid statics:** Atmospheric pressure, gauge pressure and absolute pressure. Pascal's Law, measurement of pressure - piezo meter, manometers, pressure gauges, energies in flowing fluid, head - pressure, dynamic, static and total head, forces on planar and curved surfaces immersed in fluids, centre of pressure, buoyancy, equilibrium of floating bodies, metacentre and metacentric height.	10	15%
First Internal Exam			
III	**Fluid kinematics and dynamics:** Classification of flow -1D, 2D and 3D flow, steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, rotational, irrotational, laminar and turbulent flow, path line, streak line and stream line. Continuity equation, Euler's equation, Bernoulli's equation. Reynolds experiment, Reynold's number. Hagen- Poiseuille equation, head loss due to friction, friction, Darcy- Weisbach equation, Chezy's formula, compounding pipes, branching of pipes, siphon effect, water hammer transmission of power through pipes (simple problems)	8	15%
IV	**Boundary layer theory:** Basic concepts, laminar and turbulent boundary layer, displacement, momentum, energy thickness, drag and lift, separation of boundary layer. Flow rate measurements- venturi and orifice meters, notches and weirs (description only for notches, weirs and meters), practical applications, velocity measurements- Pitot tube and Pitot –static tube.	10	15%
Second Internal Exam			
V	**Hydraulic turbines :** Impact of jets on vanes - flat, curved, stationary and moving vanes - radial flow over vanes. Impulse and Reaction Turbines – Pelton Wheel constructional features - speed ratio, jet ratio & work done , losses and efficiencies, inward and outward flow reaction turbines- Francis turbine constructional features, work done and efficiencies – axial flow turbine (Kaplan) constructional features, work done and efficiencies, draft tubes, surge tanks, cavitation in turbines.	10	20%
VI	**Positive displacement pumps:** reciprocating pump, indicator diagram, air vessels and their purposes, slip, negative slip and work required and efficiency, effect of acceleration and friction on indicator diagram (no derivations), multi cylinder pumps. **Rotary motion of liquids:** – free, forced and spiral vortex flows, (no derivations), centrifugal pump, working principle, impeller, casings, manometric head, work, efficiency and losses, priming, specific speed, multistage pumps, selection of pumps, pump characteristics.	10	20%
End Semester Exam			

Question Paper Pattern

Max. marks: 100, Time: 3 hrs

The question paper should consist of three parts

Part A

4 questions uniformly covering modules I and II. Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks =30 marks)

Part B

4 questions uniformly covering modules III and IV. Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks =30 marks)

Part C

6 questions uniformly covering modules V and VI. Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any four questions out of 6 (4X10 marks =40 marks)

Note: In all parts, each question can have a maximum of four sub questions, if needed.