

Register No.: Name:

SAINTGITS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)

(AFFILIATED TO APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM)

SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (Regular), JULY 2022

(2020 SCHEME)

Course Code: 20MAT102

Course Name: Vector Calculus, Differential Equations and Transforms

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks)

1. Find the velocity, speed and acceleration at the given time t of a particle moving along the curve $\vec{r}(t) = t\hat{i} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\hat{j} + \frac{1}{3}t^3\hat{k}$; $t = 2$.
2. If $\phi(x, y, z) = xsinz + ysinx + zsin y$ is a potential function of \vec{F} , find \vec{F}
3. Using Green's theorem evaluate $\int_C \tan^{-1}y dx - \frac{y^2x}{1+y^2} dy$, where C is the square with vertices $(0,0)$, $(1,0)$, $(1,1)$ and $(0,1)$
4. Use Divergence theorem to evaluate $\iint_{\sigma} F \cdot n dS$ where $F = (x - z)i + (y - x)j + (2z - y)k$ where σ is the surface of the cylindrical solid bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$, $z = 0$ and $z = 1$
5. Find a general solution of $x^2y'' - xy' - 3y = 0$
6. Solve $y^{iv} - 81y = 0$
7. Find $\mathcal{L}[t^2 u(t - 1)]$
8. Find $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s(s^2+a^2)}\right]$
9. Find the Fourier sine transform of $e^{-|x|}$.
10. Does Fourier sine transform of e^x , $0 < x < \infty$ exist? Justify your answer

PART B

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14marks)

MODULE I

11. a) Calculate the directional derivative of $F(x, y, z) = x^2y - yz^3 + z$ at the point $P(-1, 2, 0)$ in the direction of $\vec{u} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ (7)
- b) Show that the integral $\int_C 2xe^{-y} dx + (2y - x^2e^{-y}) dy$ is independent of path. Hence evaluate the integral from $(1, 0)$ to $(4, 1)$. (7)

OR

12. a) Determine the work done by the force field $F = (x + y)i + xyj - z^2k$ on a particle that moves along the line segments from $(0, 0, 0)$ to $(1, 3, 1)$ to $(2, -1, 5)$ (7)

- b) Find $\text{div } \vec{F}$ and $\text{curl } \vec{F}$ at the point $(1, -1, 1)$ where $\vec{F} = xz^3\hat{i} - 2x^2yz\hat{j} + 2yz^4\hat{k}$ (7)

MODULE II

13. a) Using Green's theorem to evaluate the line integral $\int_C (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy$ where C is the boundary of the region defined by $y = \sqrt{x}$, $y = x^2$ and oriented counter clockwise (7)
- b) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot dV$ where $\vec{F} = xy\hat{i} + yz\hat{j} + xz\hat{k}$; C is the triangle in the plane $x + y + z = 1$ with vertices $(1, 0, 0)$, $(0, 1, 0)$ and $(0, 0, 1)$ with a counter clockwise orientation looking from the first octant towards origin. (7)

OR

14. a) Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_{\sigma} f(x, y, z)dS$ where $f(x, y, z) = z^2$ and σ is the portion of the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ between the planes $z = 1$ and $z = 3$ (7)
- b) Determine whether the following vector field F is free of sources and sinks. If not locate them (7)
- $F = x^3\hat{i} + y^3\hat{j} + 4z^3\hat{k}$
 - $F = 2(x^3 - 2x)\hat{i} + 2(y^3 - 2y)\hat{j} + 2(z^3 - 2z)\hat{k}$

MODULE III

15. a) Solve using the method of undetermined coefficients (7)
- $$(D^2 - 16I)y = 9.6e^{4x} + 30e^x$$
- b) Solve using the Method of variation of parameters (7)
- $$y'' - 4y' + 5y = e^{2x}\text{cosec}x$$

OR

16. a) Solve $y'' + 4y' + (\pi^2 + 4)y = 0$, $y\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$, $y'\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = -2$ (7)
- b) Solve $y'' + 2y' + 0.75y = 2\cos x - 0.25\sin x$ (7)

MODULE IV

17. a) Evaluate (i) $\mathcal{L}\left[\frac{\cos 2t - \cos 3t}{t}\right]$ (7)
- (ii) $\mathcal{L}\left[e^{-4t} \int_0^t t \sin(3t) dt\right]$
- b) Find (i) $\mathcal{L}^{-1}[\cot^{-1}(1 + s)]$ (7)
- (ii) $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{3s-2}{s^2+2s+6}\right]$

OR

18. a) Use Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{(s-1)(s^2+4)}$ (7)
- b) Using Laplace transform solve $y'' + 5y' + 6y = e^{-2t}$ given $y(0) = y'(0) = 1$ (7)

MODULE V

19. a) Find the Fourier sine transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 - x, & 1 < x < 2 \\ 0, & x > 2 \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

- b) Find the Fourier integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0, & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

OR

20. a) Find the Fourier cosine transform of
- $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- .

(7)

Hence show that $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin w - w \cos w}{w^3} \right) \cos(w/2) dw = \frac{3\pi}{16}$

- b) Find the Fourier sine integral representation of
- $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 0, & \text{if } x > \pi \end{cases}$

(7)
