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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2017

Course Code: CS201

Course Name: DISCRETE COMPUTATIONAL STRUCTURES (CS, IT)

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks. Marks

1		Assume A={1,2,3} and ρ(A) be its power set. Let ⊆ be the subset relation on the power ser. Draw the Hasse diagram of (ρ(A),⊆)	(3)
2		Let R denote a relation on the set of ordered pairs of positive integers such that (x, y)R(u, v) iff xv = yu. Show that R is an equivalence relation	(3)
3		Prove that in any group of six people, at least three must be mutual friends or at least three must be mutual strangers.	(3)
4		Define GLB and LUB for a partially ordered set. Give an example	(3)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 9 marks.

5	a)	Suppose f(x)=x+2,g(x)= x-2 and h(x)=3x for x ϵ R,where R is the set of real numbers. Find g o f ,f o g, f o f, g o g, f o h, h o g,h o h and (f o h) o g	(4)
	b)	Prove that every equivalence relation on a set generates a unique partition of the set with the blocks as R-equivalence classes	(5)
6	a)	Show that the set N of natural numbers is a semigroup under the operation x*y=max(x,y). Is it a monoid?	(3)
	b)	Solve the recurrence relation $a_r + 5a_{r-1} + 6a_{r-2} = 3r^2 - 2r + 1$	(6)
7	a)	Show that for any commutative monoid <M,*>, the set of idempotent elements of M forms a submonoid.	(5)
	b)	Define subsemigroups and submonoids.	(4)

PART C

Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.

8		Show that, for an abelian group, $(a * b)^{-1}= a^{-1} * b^{-1}$	(3)
9		Show that every chain is a distributive lattice.	(3)
10		Simplify the Boolean expression a’b’c+ab’c+a’b’c’	(3)
11		Let G = {1, a, a^2, a^3} (a^4 = 1) be a group and H = {1, a^2} is a subgroup of G under multiplication. Find all cosets of H.	(3)

PART D

Answer any two full questions, each carries 9 marks.

12	a)	Show that the order of a subgroup of a finite group divides the order of the group.	(6)
	b)	Define ring homomorphism.	(3)
13		Show that (I,Θ,ʘ) is acommutative ring with identity, where the operations Θ and ʘ are defined, for any a,b∊ I, as a Θ b = a+b-1 and a ʘ b = a+b-ab.	(9)
14	a)	Let $(L,\leq)$ be a lattice and a,b,c,d∊ L. Prove that if $a \leq c$ and $b \leq d$, then (i) $a \vee b \leq c \vee d$ (ii) $a \wedge b \leq c \wedge d$	(5)
	b)	Show that in a Boolean algebra,for any a,b,c $(a \wedge b \wedge c) \vee (b \wedge c) = b \wedge c$	(4)

PART E

Answer any four full questions, each carries 10 marks.

15	a)	a) Construct truth table for $(\sim p \wedge (\sim q \wedge r)) \vee ((q \wedge r) \vee (p \wedge r))$	(6)
	b)	Explain proof by Contrapositive with example.	(4)
16		Prove the following implication $(x)(P(x) \vee Q(x)) \Longrightarrow (x) P(x) \wedge (\exists x) Q(x)$	(10)
17	a)	Represent the following sentences in predicate logic using quantifiers (i) "x is the father of the mother of y" (ii) "Everybody loves a lover"	(6)
	b)	Determine whether the conclusion C follows logically from the premises $H_1: \sim p \vee q$, $H_2: \sim(q \wedge \sim r)$, $H_3: \sim r$ C: $\sim p$	(4)
18	a)	Without using truth table prove $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow p) \Leftrightarrow \sim p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$	(4)
	b)	Determine the validity of the following statements using rule CP. "my father praises me only if I can be proud of myself. Either I do well in sports or I can't be proud of myself. If I study hard, then I can't do well in sports. Therefore if my father praises me then I do not study well"	(6)
19	a)	Show that $r \rightarrow s$ can be derived from the premises $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow s)$, $\sim r \vee p$, q	(4)
	b)	Prove, by Mathematical Induction, that $n(n + 1)(n + 2)(n + 3)$ is divisible by 24, for all natural numbers n	(6)
20	a)	"If there are meeting, then travelling was difficult. If they arrived on time, then travelling was not difficult. They arrived on time. There was no meeting". Show that these statements constitute a valid argument.	(6)
	b)	Show that $2^n < n!$ For $n \geq 4$	(4)

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