Reg No	o.: Name:	
	APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY	
FIRS	ST SEMESTER MCA (Second Year Direct) DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEM	BER
	2018	
	Course Code: RLMCA205	
	Course Name: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	
Max. Marks: 60 Duration		3 Hours
	PART A	
	Answer all questions, each carries3 marks.	Marks
1	With the help of a diagram explain the different levels of data abstraction?	(3)
2	What is Theta join operation. Define natural join operation giving an example.	(3)
3	Distinguish between HAVING and WHERE clause in SQL with example?	(3)
4	Write down the general form of schema definition in SQL? Give an example.	(3)
5	Define BCNF? Why is it rarely used than 3NF?	(3)
6	Which are the main axioms of functional dependencies?	(3)
7	What is starvation in concurrent transaction execution?	(3)
8	Describe the importance of timestamps in concurrency control? How	(3)
	timestamps are created?	

PART B

Answer six questions, one full question from each module and carries 6 marks.

Module I

Write briefly on any six advantages of database approach over conventional file (6) based approach.

OR

How specialization differs from generalization? Explain with the help of an (6) E-R diagram?

Module II

What is the need for *outer join* operation in relational algebra. Explain various (6) outer join operations.

OR

Write on any six fundamental operations in relational algebra, giving examples. (6)

Module III

List and explain the various components of SQL language?

(6)

OR

Illustrate Union, Intersection and Difference operations in SQL. How are they done with nested subquery. Give examples.

Module IV

Consider the schema R = (A, B, C, D, E) together with the functional (6) dependencies:

 $A \rightarrow C$

 $A, B \rightarrow D$

 $C, D \rightarrow E$

Suppose we decompose R into R1 = (A, B, C, D) and R2 = (A, D, E) Prove that this decomposition is a losslessjoin decomposition.

OR

16 Consider the following table *staff(name, dept, dept_loc)*. Whether the above (6) table is in 3NF? If not, state all anomalies of it and change to 3NF?

name	dept	dept_loc
smith	402	100
jones	401	200
turner	400	200
king	402	100
olson	401	200

Module V

What is conflict serializability? Explain how to determine whether a schedule is conflict serializable or not. (6)

OR

Write on various possible states of transactions and ACID properties?

(6)

Module VI

19 "Frequent Pattern Tree Algorithm uses association rules". Justify the statement?

(6)

OR

20 Distinguish between data mining and data warehousing.

(6)
