



# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

## Scheme for Valuation/Answer Key

*Scheme of evaluation (marks in brackets) and answers of problems/key*

**SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (S), MAY 2019**

**Course Code: AE407**

**Course Name: -DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEM**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

### PART A

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

Marks

- 1 a) Merits (any three) – 1.5 marks, Demerits (any three) -- 1.5 marks (3)
- b) Figure (input and output S/H signal) – 1mark, Each characteristic – 2 marks each (7)
- c) Figure (impulse response) – 2 marks, Derivation – 3 marks (5)
- 2 Diagrams – 2 marks each. (15)
- Explanation – 2 marks each
- Derivation – Zero order hold – 3 marks
- First order hold – 4 marks
- 3 a) Partial fraction expansion – 3 marks (6)
- Inverse z transform:  $x(k) = 9k(2^{k-1}) - 2^k + 3$ ; -- 3 marks
- b) Each mapping – 3 marks (9)

### PART B

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

- 4 a) The input-output relations can be formulated as (10)

$$E(s) = R(s) - G(s)H(s)E^*(s)$$

$$C(s) = G(s)E^*(s)$$

----- 2 marks

Taking pulse transform on both sides

$$E^*(s) = R^*(s) - GH^*(s)E^*(s)$$

Taking pulse transformation on both sides of

$$\begin{aligned}
 C^*(s) &= [G(s)E^*(s)]^* \\
 &= G^*(s)E^*(s) \\
 &= \frac{G^*(s)R^*(s)}{1+GH^*(s)} \\
 \therefore \frac{C^*(s)}{R^*(s)} &= \frac{G^*(s)}{1+GH^*(s)} \\
 \Rightarrow \frac{C(z)}{R(z)} &= \frac{G(z)}{1+GH(z)}
 \end{aligned}$$

where  $GH(z) = Z[G(s)H(s)]$ .

-----8 marks

b) Derivation

(5)

5

(15)

$T=1$

5 marks

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{C(z)}{R(z)} &= \frac{G(z)}{1+G(z)} \\
 G(z) &= Z \left[ \left( \frac{1-e^{-sT}}{s} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1+sT}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{s(s+1)} \right] \\
 &= [1-z^{-1}]^2 \left[ Z \left( \frac{1+sT}{Ts^3} \cdot \frac{1}{s(s+1)} \right) \right]_{T=1} \\
 &= [1-z^{-1}]^2 \left[ Z \left( \frac{1+s}{s^2} \cdot \frac{1}{s(s+1)} \right) \right] \\
 &= [1-z^{-1}]^2 \left[ Z \left( \frac{1}{s^3} \right) \right]_{T=1} \\
 &= \left( \frac{z-1}{z} \right)^2 \left[ \frac{T^2 z(z+1)}{(z-1)^3} \right]_{T=1} \\
 &= \frac{1+z}{z} \cdot \frac{z+1}{z-1} = \frac{1+z}{z(z-1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

5 marks

$$\frac{C(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{z+1}{z(z-1)} = \frac{1+z}{z^2+z-1}$$

5 marks

$$\frac{C(z)}{R(z)} = \frac{z+1}{z^2+z-1}$$

- 6 a) Gain margin & Phase margin explanation (5)  
 b) Derivation for the velocity error constant ---- 5 marks (10)  
 Derivation for the acceleration error constant ---- 5 marks

**PART C**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.*

- 7 a) Splitting the transfer function into standard nested programming equations ---- 5 (10)  
 marks

Framing state equation and output equation (nested programming method or

observable canonical form)  $x(k+1) = Gx(k) + Hu(k)$ ;  $G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ ;  $H = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ;  
 $y(k) = Cx(k) + Du(k)$

$C = [0 \ 1]$ ;  $D = [0]$ ; --5 marks

- b) Definition --- 2 marks (10)  
 Explanation ---3 marks  
 Proof – 5 marks

- 8 a) Control Law equation  $u(k) = -kx(k)$  ; ----2 marks (10)  
 Design Procedure ----8 marks

- b) State equation and output equation – 3 marks (10)  
 z-transform of state equation and output equation – 3 mark  
 State transition matrix derivation ---4 mark

- 9 a) i. Controllability Test matrix  $-\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ , rank=2; State controllable ;---4 (8)  
 marks

- ii. Controllability Test matrix -  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , rank=1; Not state controllable; ---4  
 marks

- b) Explanation (8 marks) (12)  
 Deriving the expression (4 marks)

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