

Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), MAY 2019**

**Course Code: CE463**  
**Course Name: BRIDGE ENGINEERING**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

*(Use of IS 456, SP 16 may be permitted. Use of IRC 6,18,21,83,112 and design charts may be permitted during the examination.)*

**PART A**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

Marks

- |   |  |     |
|---|--|-----|
| 1 | a) Define the term "bridge". Explain the components of a bridge structure with neat diagram. | (7) |
|   | b) Explain the classification of bridges.  | (8) |
| 2 | a) Write note on the factors to be considered while selecting suitable site for a bridge.    | (7) |
|   | b) Explain the importance of Hydraulic design in Bridge Engineering                          | (8) |
| 3 | a) Explain the longitudinal forces acting on bridges.  | (5) |
|   | b) Write a note on the importance of impact factor in the design of bridges?                 | (5) |
|   | c) Write the IRC specifications for Road bridges.  | (5) |

**PART B**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

- |   |   |      |
|---|---|------|
| 4 | A reinforced concrete simply supported slab forms the deck of a road bridge, having the following data:<br>(i) Clear span = 6 m.<br>(ii) Carriage way -2 Lane.<br>(iii) Width of kerb= 500 mm on either side<br>(iv)Width of bearing= 400 mm<br>(v) Materials = M25 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel.<br>(vi) Type of loading IRC class AA tracked vehicle.<br>Design the deck slab. Show the reinforcement details. | (15) |
| 5 | Design the interior deck slab panel of a T-beam and slab bridge for the following data.<br>Effective span-18m, Carriage way width-7.5m, Kerb- 600 mm on either side.  | (15) |

Provide three longitudinal beams and five cross beams. Loading IRC class AA tracked vehicle. Adopt M20 concrete and Fe415 bars. Sketch the reinforcement details.

- 6 a) Explain the different type of forces and their combinations in the design of box culverts. (7)
- b) What are the load distribution theories used in girders of Tee beam and slab bridge. Explain Courbon's theory. (8)

### PART C

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.*

- 7 a) List the merits and demerits of the Prestressed concrete bridges over RCC bridges. (5)
- b) Write brief note on elastomeric bearings. (5)
- c) Discuss about the stability analysis of abutments. (10)
- 8 a) With neat sketch, explain well foundation and its components. (7)
- b) What is a bearing? What are the main functions of bearings? (7)
- c) What are the forces to be considered during the design of piers and abutments? (6)
- 9 Determine the minimum section modulus, prestressing force and eccentricity of a prestressed concrete slab bridge having the following data: (20)

Clear span-10 m, Width of bearing-400 mm, Carriageway width-2 lane, Footpath on either side-1 m.

Live load-IRC Class AA tracked vehicle.

Materials- M40 concrete, Ultimate tensile strength of steel-1500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

Compressive stress of concrete at transfer,  $f_{ci}=35$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>

$f_{ct}=15$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{cw}=12$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>,  $f_{it}=f_{tw}=0$ .

Loss ratio=0.8

\*\*\*