

Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY  
FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), DECEMBER 2019**

**Course Code: CS202**

**Course Name: COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

**PART A**

*Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 1 | Give the relevance of MAR, PC and IR in a typical computer system with neat diagram.   | 3 |
| 2 | Differentiate between Big-endian and Little-endian assignment for word addressing.   | 3 |
| 3 | Illustrate the advantages of using multiple bus organization over single bus organization with the help of a sample instruction execution. | 3 |
| 4 | Divide 25 by 8 using restoring division algorithm.   | 3 |

**PART B**

*Answer any two questions, each carries 9 marks*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 5 | a) Define Addressing mode and explain Different types of addressing modes with an example for each.                    | 6 |
|   | b) Show the effect of stack operations on the stack with diagram.  | 3 |
| 6 | a) What is meant by instruction sequencing? Discuss the different types of instruction sequencing with example.        | 4 |
|   | b) Illustrate Booth multiplication with an example   | 5 |
| 7 | a) Discuss the data path inside the processor with single bus organization with neat diagram                           | 4 |
|   | b) Write down the control sequence for the execution of the instruction <i>Add (R1), R2</i> in single bus organization | 5 |

**PART C**

*Answer all question, each carries 3 marks*

- |    |  |   |
|----|--|---|
| 8  | Discuss the different ways of accessing I/O devices of a computer system.  | 3 |
| 9  | Explain the daisy chain method with neat diagram   | 3 |
| 10 | Justify the need of memory hierarchy in a computer and discuss the various parameters that are considered for the formation of memory hierarchy. | 3 |
| 11 | Discuss about different types of RAMs.   | 3 |

**PART D***Answer any two questions, each carries 9 marks*

- 12 a) What is interrupt? Discuss the differences between subroutine and interrupt service routine. 4
- b) Describe the different bus arbitration techniques for DMA data transfer. 5
- 13 a) Explain semiconductor ROM memories 4
- b) Discuss the SCSI protocol for a complete disk read operation by listing out the sequence of events involved in it. 5
- 14 a) How do you relate set associative mapped cache with Direct mapped and associative mapped cache mechanisms? 3
- b) Design a 64K x 8 memory module using 16K x 1 static memory chips. 6

**PART E***Answer any four questions, each carries 10 marks*

- 15 a) Write short notes on Arithmetic , logic and shift microoperations with examples 6
- b) Show the block diagram that executes the following conditional control statements
- $C \ T_2 : F \leftarrow A$  4
- $C \ T_2 : F \leftarrow B$  where C is the conditional variable and A, B , F are registers
- 16 Draw the block diagram of a processor unit with 16 selection variables and discuss the functions of selection variables. Derive the control word for the micro operation  $R1 \leftarrow R1 - R2$ . 10
- 17 Discuss the major operations that can be performed by a parallel adder in the design of arithmetic circuit. 10
- 18 Discuss the different methods of control logic design in detail 10
- 19 Describe the organization of micro program sequencer with neat diagram. Also provide its address sequencing capabilities. 10
- 20 Explain the horizontal and vertical microinstructions in microprogrammed control. 10

\*\*\*\*