



APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Scheme for Valuation/Answer Key

Scheme of evaluation (marks in brackets) and answers of problems/key

FIRST/SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2019

Course Code:BE100

Course Name: ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A (ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS: 8 X 5 = 40 MARKS)

1		Statement (2) Proof (3)	(5)
2		Work done (equation) (2) Position vector $2i+9j+2k$ (2) Result 42 units (1)	(5)
3		Sketches (2) Analysis showing equations (3).	(5)
4	a)	Two theorems (2x1.5)	(3)
	b)	Volume generated is sphere (1) $Volume = (\pi r^2/2) \times 2\pi y$ where $y = 4r/3\pi$ $V = (4/3)\pi r^3$ (1)	(2)
5		Definition of SHM (3) Equation (1) Derivation for acceleration = $\omega^2 x$ (1)	(5)
6		Statement (2 marks) Explanation with sketches (3)	(5)
7		Stiffness(1.5 mark)and equivalent stiffness of spring (1.5). Expression for equivalent stiffness of spring in series (1) and parallel (1)	(5)
8		When the lift moves upward, $R=W[1 + a/g]$ (2) $R= 841.74 N$ (0.5) When the lift moves downward, $R=W[1 - a/g]$ (2) $R= 658.26 N$ (0.5)	(5)

PART B

SET 1

(ANSWER ANY 2 QUESTIONS : 2 X 10 = 20 MARKS)

9	a)	Free Body Diagram (1) Lamis theorem or resolution method (1) $R_A=26.9 N$; $R_B=21.96 N$ (1)	(3)
	b)	$\sum F_x= 106.07 N$ $\sum F_y=93.93 N$ $\sum M$ about A= $424.26Nm$ (3) Resultant $R=141.68 N$ angle with hor = 41.52° (2) Perpendicular distance from A = 2.99m or	(7)

		horizontal distance from A to resultant = 3.99m Shown in figure	(1) (1)	
10		Co ordinates of A(0,0,-4), B(0,2,0) C(0,0,4) O(3,0,0) Unit vector in the direction of OA,OB,OC Force vectors in the direction of OA,OB,OC Force along OA= 12.5 KN(C) along OB=18.03 kN(T) along OC =12.5 kN (C)	(1) (3) (3) (1) (1) (1)	(10)
11	a)	Equations of Equilibrium $R_B=153.75 \text{ N}; R_A=161.25 \text{ N}$	(2) (2)	(4)
	b)	Definition(1) characteristics (3) Resolution (2)		(6)

SET II

(ANSWER ANY 2 QUESTIONS : 2 X 10 = 20 MARKS

12		Sketch with forces acting --- Equations $\sum H$, $\sum V$ (1 each) and $\sum M$ (2) Reaction between wall and ladder= 501 N Reaction between floor and ladder = 955N Least force ..= 167 N	(2) (4) (1) (1) (2)	(10)
13	a)	Principal axes and principal moment of inertia		(4)
	b)	Centroid from bottom and left end (X,Y) =(2.91, 5.09) cms $I_{GXX}= 273.23\text{cm}^4 \dots\dots$	(3) (3)	(6)
14	a)	Product of inertia of rectangle = $12.96 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ Product of inertia of triangle = $10.8 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ Product of inertia of trapezium = $23.76 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$	(2) (2) (1)	(5)
	b)	Sketch showing the virtual work concept – Equations Reactions at the left support = 6.83 kN Reaction at right support =6.16kN	(2) (2) (0.5) (0.5)	(5)

SET 111

(ANSWER ANY 2 QUESTIONS : 2 X 10 = 20 MARKS

15	a)	<p>Translation (2)</p> <p>Rotation (2)</p>	(4)
	b)	<p>sketch- (1)</p> <p>Equation for V_P- (1)</p> <p>Equation for V_Q- (1)</p> <p>$V_Q = 8.66$ m/s (1)</p> <p>$\omega = 10$ rad/s, (1)</p> <p>$V_M = 5$ m/s (When 'M' is midpoint of link PQ), (1)</p> <p><i>Marks may be given for selecting any position of 'M' in the link</i></p>	(6)
16		<p>$n = 86400$ (1)</p> <p>$dn/n = -\frac{1}{2} dL/L$ (1)</p> <p>$L = 994$ mm (2)</p> <p>$dL = 3.68$ mm (2)</p> <p>When $g = 9.81$ m/s², $dg = 0.02$ m/s² (1)</p> <p>$dn/n = \frac{1}{2} dg/g$ (1)</p> <p>$dn = 88.06$ s (1)</p> <p>pendulum will lose 88.06 seconds a day (1)</p>	(10)
17		<p>Stiffness=66.67 N/mm (2)</p> <p>Period=0.205 s (2)</p> <p>Frequency=4.87 vib/s (2)</p> <p>Angular velocity=30.55 rad/s (2)</p> <p>Velocity=-24.62 cm/s (2)</p>	(10)
