

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

Fifth Semester

Branch: Mechanical Engineering/Automobile Engineering

ME 010 506/AU 010 506 : THERMODYNAMICS (ME, AU)

(New Scheme-2010 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Improvement/Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Use of steam tables and Psychometric chart are permitted.

Part A

Answer all questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. What is pressure transducer?
- 2. Does heat transfer inevitably cause a temperature rise?
- 3. Write Kelvin Planck statement.
- 4. Define volume expansivity.
- 5. What is pure substances?

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. What is the scope of classical thermodynamic?
- 7. What is indicator diagram?
- 8. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin Planck and Clausius statement.
- 9. Discuss Helmontz function.
- 10. What is the critical state? Explain the terms critical pressure, critical temperature.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer all questions.

Each full question carries 12 marks.

11. Prove that $C_p - C_v = R$.

(6 marks)

Explain different types of system in brief.

(6 marks)

Or

Turn over

12. (a) Discuss the concept of continuum. Define density and pressure using the concept.

(6 marks)

(b) Write down the Van der Waals equation of state.

(6 marks)

13. (a) Explain different types of work transfer.

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(6 marks)

(b) Show that enthalpy of a fluid before throattling is equal to that after throttling. (6 marks)

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14. (a) Explain specific heat, internal energy and enthalpy.

(6 marks)

(b) 1.5 kg. of liquid having a constant specific heat of 2.5 kJ/kg. K is stirred in a well-insulated chamber causing the temperature to rise by 15° C. Find ΔE and W for the process.

(6 marks)

15. (a) Explain third law of thermodynamics.

(6 marks)

(b) Explain clausius inequality.

(6 marks)

Or

16. (a) Explain Entropy.

(6 marks)

(b) An ice-making plant produces ice at atmospheric pressure and at 0° C from water. The mean temperature of the cooling water circulating through the condenser of the refrigerating machine is 18° C. Evaluate the minimum electrical work in kWh required to produce 1 tonne of ice (The enthalpy of fusion of ice at atmospheric pressure is 333.5 kJ/kg).

(6 marks)

17. Derive Maxwell equation.

Or

18. Derive:

$$C_p - C_v = T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p \cdot \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_v$$

19. Draw the phase equilibrium diagram for a pure substance on *p*-T coordinates. Why does the fusion line for water have negative slope?

Or

20. A rigid vessel contains 1 kg. of a mixture of saturated water and saturated steam at a pressure of 0.15 MPa. When the mixture is heated, the state passes through the critical point.

Determine:

- (a) The volume of the vessel.
- (b) The mass of liquid and vapour in the vessel initially.
- (c) The temperature of the mixture when the pressure has risen to 3 MPa.
- (d) The heat transfer required to produce the final state.

 $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ marks})$