Regi	ster No:				Nam	le:	
	S	SAIN' (AFF SIXTH	TGITS CO illiated to apj a I SEMESTE	DLLEGE OF ENG ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLO R B.TECH. DEGRI Mechanical I	GINEER GICAL UNIVE EE EXAN Engineerii	RING (AUTO ersity, thiruvana 11NATION(R,S ng	NOMOUS) NTHAPURAM) S), MAY 2024
				(2020 SC	HEME)		
Cou	rse Code	:	20MET30	8			
Cou	rse Name	:	Comprehe	ensive Course Work			
Max	. Marks	:	50				Duration:75 Minutes
				PAR	ТА	• • • • •	
			(Ans	swer all questions. Each	h question	carries I mark)	
1.	In which (A) Viscou (C) Steady	of the us flow y flow	following con (I (I	nditions can the Berno B) Incompressible fluid D) Laminar flow	oulli equat	tion not be used.	
2.	Which on (A) Pa-s (C) Poise	ne of th	e following is (B) (D)	s not a unit of dynam N-s/m ²) Stokes	ic viscosit	y?	
3.	The ratio of inertia force to viscous force is known as(A) Grashof number(B) Reynolds number(C) Fourier number(D) Nusselt number						
4.	The facto (A) Area c (C) The di	r on w of conta	hich viscosity oct of two adjac between two ad	7 depends is ent layers (B) Veloc djacent layers (D) All of	ity differend f the mentio	ce between two ad	ljacent layers
5.	How can relatively denser object be made to float on the less dense fluid?(A) By altering the shape.(B) By altering the forces acting on the object.(C) By altering the shear forces acting on the object(D) None of the mentioned						
6.	Which of the following is not a desirable characteristic of manometer fluid?(A) it should have high viscosity(B) it should be non - corrosive(C) it should be free from capillary effects(D) it should have negligible surface tension						
7.	Which is (A) They (C) They a	not a c undergo are isoti	characteristic o o a clean cleava ropic	of crystalline solids? age (B) T (D) 7	hey are true They have s	e solids harp melting poin	ts
8.	In which (A) Schott (C) Stone-	of the tky defe Wales o	following def ect defect	fect the density of the (B) Fro (D) Ar	e crystal is enkel defect ntisite defec	affected? t t	
9.	Co-ordina (A) Numb (C) Numb	ation n her of pa her of oc	umber of a cr articles in the un tahedral voids	ystalline solid is: nit cell (B) Numb in a unit cell (D) Numb	er of neares er of tetrahe	t neighbours of a generation of a g	particle it cell

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Total pages: 4

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10.	Which of the following is a proper(A) Low strength(C) Resistant to corrosion	rty of ceramics? (B) Low melting point (D) Bad insulation			
11.	Which of the following phase will range of 500 °C to 750 °C? (A) Austenite	be resulted when the transformation temperature of steel is in the B) Pearlite D) Martensite			
10	Which of the following is not a re-	(D) Wartensite			
12.	(A) S curve	(B) C curve isothermal diagram			
	(C) D curve isothermal diagram	(D) Bain's curve			
13.	What is a quasi-static process?				
	(A) Irreversible	(B) Reversible			
	(C) In equilibrium at every state	(D) Not involving friction			
14.	Which law of thermodynamics say	ys that efficiency of a heat engine cannot be 1?			
	(A) Zeroth law of thermodynamics	(B) First law of thermodynamics			
	(C) Second law of thermodynamics	(D) Third law of thermodynamics			
15.	Clausius summarized the first and second laws of thermodynamics as (A) the energy of the world is constant (B) the entropy of the world tends towards a maximum (C) both of the mentioned (D) none of the mentioned				
16.	Work is a				
	(A) point function	(B) path function			
	(C) depends on state	(D) none of the above			
17.	When work is done on system or by a system there is a change in				
	(A) external energy	(B) internal energy			
	(C) adiabatic energy	(D) isothermal energy			
18.	The entropy of an isolated system	always and becomes a at the state of equilibrium.			
	(A) decreases, minimum	(B) increases, maximum			
	(C) increases, minimum	(D) decreases, maximum			
19.	In a four high rolling mill, the diameter of backing up rolls is the diameter of working rolls.				
	(A) equal to	(B) smaller than			
	(C) larger than	(D) none of these			
20.	In four high rolling mill the bigger rollers are called				
	(A) Guide rolls	(B) Back up rolls			
	(C) Main rolls	(D) Support rolls			
21.	Cogging, which is also called as d	rawing out, is basically			
	(A) Open die forging operation	(B) Closed die forging operation			
	(C) Impression dies forging operation	(D) Hold die forging operation			
22.	Forging is carried out at which temperature				
	(A) Below recrystallization temperature (B) Above recrystallization temperature				
	(C) Below or above recrystallization temperature (D) Above melting point				
23.	is used to protect t	he eyes and face of a welder from arc radiation and spark during arc			
	welding ?	(D) shinning gaggles			
	(A) safety snoes (C) welding helmet	(D) apron			
		(-) - F			

24.	In resistance welding, heat is generated due to resistance between				
	(A) electrode and workpiece	(B) asperities between touching plates			
	(C) two dissimilar metals being in contact	(D) interatomic forces			
25.	When the motion of a body is confined to only one plane, the motion is said to be				
	(A) plane motion	(B) rectilinear motion			
	(C) curvilinear Motion	(D) none of the mentioned			
26.	In a radial cam, the follower moves				
	(A) in a direction perpendicular to the cam axis (B) in a direction parallel to the cam axis				
	(C) in any direction irrespective of the cam axis (D) along the cam axis				
27.	The coriolis component of acceleration leads the sliding velocity by				
	(A) 45° (B) 90°				
	(C) 135° (D) 180°				
28.	The coriolis component of acceleration depends upon				
	(A) velocity of slider	(B) angular velocity of the link			
	(C) all of the mentioned	(D) none of the mentioned			
29.	Offset is provided to a cam follower mechanism to				
	(A) minimise the side thrust	(B) accelerate			
	(C) avoid jerk	(D) none of the mentioned			
30.	If the number of links in a mechanism are	equal to L, then the number of possible inversions are e			

30. If the number of links in a mechanism are equal to L, then the number of possible inversions are equal to (A) L-1 (B) L-2
(C) L (D) L+1

PART B

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

31. Newton's law of viscocity states that,

	5	,	
	(A) the shear stress between adja proportional to the velocity grad	acent layers is inversely ients between the two layers	(B) the shear stress between adjacent fluid layers is proportional to the velocity gradients between the two layers
	(C) the shear stress between adja proportional to the dynamic visc two layers	acent fluid layers is inversely osity of fluid between the	(D) none of the above
32.	Which of the following equat	tions is a result of moment	um conservation for inviscid steady flows?
	(A) Bernoulli's equation	(B) Navier-	Stokes equation
	(C) First law of thermodynamics	(D) Euler's	equation
33.	Which physical property is no (A) Hardness	ormally measured to deter (B) Magneti	mine a CCT diagram? c permeability
	(C) Pressure	(D) Ductility	7
34.	Stacking sequence in hexagor	nal close packed (HCP) st	ructure is?
	(A) AAAAA	(B) ABABAB	
	(C) ABCABC	(D) AABBAA	
35.	The temperature of an object	increases slowly, then the	energy of that object
	(A) increases slowly	(B) decreases slow	lv
	(C) increases quickly	(D) decreases quic	kly
36.	For the expression $\int P dV$ to re (A) The system is closed one and	epresent work, which of th d the process takes place in no	ne following conditions should apply
	system		(B) The process is non-quasi-static

system

(C) The boundary of the system should not move in order that work (D) If the system is open one, it should be non-reversible.

37. According to Chvorinov's equation, the solidification time of a casting is proportional to (where v = volume of the casting)

(A) v^2	(B) v
(C) 1/v	(D) 1/v ²

38. Appling the back tension on workpiece will shift the neutral point towards (A) exit of roll (B) entrance of roll

(A) exit of foll	(B) entrance of rom
(C) does not shift	(D) depends upon the magnitude of the force

39. Which of the following motion is not suitable from a practical point of view?

(A) Simple harmonic	(B) Uniform acceleration and retardation
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- (C) Uniform velocity (D) none of the mentioned
- 40. A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly to a speed of 72 km/hr over a distance of 500 m. Calculate the acceleration.

(A) 0.3 m/s ²	(B) 0.4 m/s ²
(C) 0.5 m/s ²	(D) 0.6 m/s ²
