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Register No.:	 Name:	

SAINTGITS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)

(AFFILIATED TO APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM)

FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (Regular), JULY 2022 COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES (2020 SCHEME)

Course Code: 20MCN202

Course Name: Constitution of India

Max. Marks: 50 Duration:2 Hours

PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks)

- 1. Describe the federal system of Government in India.
- 2. Define State under the Indian Constitution.
- 3. What are the powers and functions of the Attorney General of India?
- 4. Differentiate between a Money Bill and an Ordinary Bill under the Constitution of India.
- 5. Write a short note on Financial Emergency (Article 360) under the Indian Constitution.

PART B

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 7 marks)

MODULE I

- 6. a) What is the significance and necessity of a constitution? (4)
 - b) Elaborate the text of the Preamble of the Indian Constitution. (3)

OR

- 7. a) Highlight the salient features of the Indian Constitution (4)
 - b) Cite the importance of citizenship. Mention the methods of acquiring Indian citizenship. (3)

MODULE II

- 8. a) Fundamental rights are the basic human rights enshrined in the Constitution of India. Illustrate, (4)
 - b) List the fundamental duties enshrined in Part IV-A of the Constitution of India. (3)

OR

9. a) The Government of Maharashtra amended the Bombay Police Act, prohibiting female dance performances in eating areas and bars/hotels. The reasoning given by the Government of Maharashtra is that such move is necessary to ensure the safety and dignity of women. Ms. Mugdha Singh, a dancer and the sole breadwinner in her family, challenged the amendments as unconstitutional. In the light of the fundamental rights (Part III) enshrined in

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	b)	the Constitution of India, analyse if the prohibition imposed by the government violates the fundamental rights of the dancers. Distinguish between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy?	(3)
		MODULE III	
10.	a) b)	Explain the impeachment procedure of the President of India. Lok Sabha is more powerful than the Rajya Sabha. Analyse the statement.	(4) (3)
		OR	
11.	a)	"The Prime Minister is the key-stone of the constitution". Examine.	(4)
	b)	Examine the different situations in which the Supreme Court may grant special leave to appeal.	(3)
		MODULE IV	
12.	a) b)	Examine the constitutional position of the Governor of a state in India. Explain the writ jurisdiction of the High Court.	(4) (3)
		OR	
13.	a) b)	List the functions of State Legislature. Interpret the functions of the Chief Minister and his Council of Ministers in the state.	(4) (3)
		MODULE V	
14.	a)	Elucidate the legislative relationship between the Union and the states in India.	(4)
	b)	Examine the provisions relating to freedom of trade and commerce and intercourse under the Indian Constitution.	(3)
		OR	
15.	a) b)	Write a note on Public Service Commission. Discuss the effects of proclamation of different kinds of emergencies under the Indian Constitution.	(4) (3)
