SAINTGITS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)(AFFILIATED TO APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM)
SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION (Supplementary), December 2021
Course Code: 20PHT110
Course Name: ENGINEERING PHYSICS B
Max. Marks:100Duration: 3 Hours
PART A
(Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks)
CO

1. With the help of a neat diagram explain sharpness of resonance. ..... [1]
2. Distinguish between transverse and longitudinal waves. ..... [1]
3. Why Newton's Rings are circular? What will happen if we use planoconvex lens of smaller radius of curvature? ..... [2]
4. A parallel beam of light is made incident on a plane transmission diffraction grating of 15000 lines per inch and angle of second order diffraction is found to be $45^{\circ}$. ..... [2]
Calculate the wavelength of light used. $(1$ inch $=2.5 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{m})$
5. What is meant by Quantum Mechanical Tunneling?[3]
6. Why nanomaterial is different from ordinary solids? ..... [3]
7. What are the characteristics of a musical sound? ..... [4]
8. What is SONAR? Give the equation to find the depth of ocean. ..... [4]
9. Why helium is used in a He-Ne LASER? Why is it necessary to use a narrow tube in a He-Ne laser?
10. What is the basic principle of propagation of light through an optical fiber? What is meant by critical angle?

## PART B <br> (Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

## MODULE I

11. a) Set up a differential equation for a forced oscillation. Derive expression for amplitude and phase of a forced oscillation.
b) Find the natural frequency of a circuit containing inductance of 144 $\mu \mathrm{H}$ and a capacity of $0.0025 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. To which wavelength its response will be maximum?
12. a) By considering a uniformly stretched string derive an expression for
the velocity of transverse vibration in a stretched string.
b) The equation of transverse vibration of a stretched string is given by
$y=3 \sin 3 \pi\left(\frac{x}{30}-\frac{t}{0.02}\right)$ where t is in seconds; ' y ' and ' x ' are in cm .
Find (i) Amplitude (ii) Wavelength (iii) Frequency.

## MODULE II

13. a) What is an air wedge? Derive the expression for bandwidth of interference fringes in an air wedge. Describe an experiment to determine the diameter of a thin wire using air wedge.
b) A parallel beam of light $6058 \AA$ is incident on a glass plate of refractive index 1.5 such that the angle of refraction in the plate is $30^{\circ}$. Calculate the smallest thickness of the plate which will appear dark by reflection.

## OR

14. a) Explain the action of plane transmission grating. What is grating element? Deduce the grating equation in terms of grating element.
b) Define resolving power of an optical instrument. With the help of figure explain Rayleigh's Criterion for resolution. Write equation for resolving power of a plane transmission grating.

## MODULE III

| 15. a) | Derive time dependent Schrödinger equation for a moving particle and <br> hence derive the time independent Schrödinger equation. | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) | An electron is bound by a potential box of infinite height having width <br> of $2.5 \AA$. Calculate the lowest three permissible energies (in eV) that <br> the electron can have. | [3] |

## OR

16. a) Explain quantum confinement in nanomaterial. Compare quantum sheets, quantum wire, and quantum dot.
b) Write brief note on the electrical and optical properties of nanomaterial.

## MODULE IV

CO Marks
17. a) Discuss the various factors affecting the acoustics of buildings and give their remedies.
[4]
b) What is meant by reverberation time? Calculate the total absorption in a classroom of volume $248 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ and reverberation time 0.78 s .
[4]
(4)

## OR

18. a) What is magnetostriction effect? With the help of a figure explain how this effect can be used for the production of ultrasonic waves?
CO Marks
[4]
b) What is piezoelectric effect? Calculate the fundamental frequency of a quartz crystal of 2 mm thickness. The density of the crystal is 2650 $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ and Young's modulus is $7.9 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$.

## MODULE V

19. a) Draw a neat diagram to represent the components of a ruby laser.
Explain the construction, working and energy level diagram for Ruby laser.
b) What are the differences between an ordinary photograph and a hologram.

## OR

20. a) Define Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber. Derive the expression
for Numerical Aperture of a step index fiber? How is it related to
acceptance angle of the fiber?
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## CO <br> Marks

b) Briefly explain intensity modulated sensor.
[5]
(4)

