# BBA DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2021 <br> Fourth Semester <br> Bachelor of Business Administration <br> Core Course - BA4CRT16-FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT <br> 2017 Admission onwards <br> 7472EFD7 

Time: 3 Hours

## Part A

Answer any ten questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Define finance.
2. Write any two advantages of wealth maximisation objective.
3. Write any two methods by which commercial banks advance short term credit.
4. What is a convertible debenture?
5. What is cheque encashment analysis?
6. Write any two objectives of credit sales.
7. What is weighted average cost of capital
8. What is capital structure?
9. Define the term 'leverage'.
10. What do you mean by 'no dividend' policy?
11. Write any two assumptions of Walter's model of dividend policy.
12. What is cash dividend?
$(10 \times 2=20)$

## Part B

Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.
13. What is Profit Maximisation Objectives? What are its demerits?
14. Explain the organisation of Finance function.
15. What is long term financing? What are the various source of long term funds?
16. What is Lease financing?
17. What are the advantages of adequate working capital?
18. Write any 4 determinants of working capital.
19. A company issues $1,00,000,10 \%$ preference share of Rs. 10 each. Calculate the cost of preference capital if it is redeemable after 10 years, a) At par b) At $5 \%$ premium

A company has three alternative plans :
20.

|  | A | B | C |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Equity Capital | 30,000 | 15,000 | 45,000 |
| Debt @ $10 \%$ | 30,000 | 45,000 | 15,000 |

EBIT Rs. 6,000. Calculate financial leverage.
21. Explain the Modiglilani -Miller Model of dividend policy. What are its drawbacks?

## Part C

Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 15 marks.
22. Explain the scope and functions of Financial Management.
23. Classify various sources of funds on the basis of source of generation and explain each source.

Calculate the amount of working capital requirement for XYZ Ltd. from the following information:
24.

Raw materials
Rs (Per Unit)

Direct labour 160

Overheads 60

Total cost 120

Profit 34060

Selling price
Selling price ..... 400

## Additional Information.

1.Raw materials are held in stock on an average for one month.
2.Materials are in process on an average for half-a-month.
3.Finished goods are in stock on an average for one month.
4.Credit allowed by suppliers is one month and credit allowed to debtors is two months.
5.Time lag in payment of wages is $11 / 2$ weeks.
6.Time lag in payment of overhead expenses is one month.
7.One fourth of the sales are made on cash basis.
8. Cash in hand and at the bank is expected to be Rs. 50,000 ; and expected level of production amounts to $1,04,000$ units for a year of 52 weeks.

You may assume that production is carried on evenly throughout the year and a time period of four weeks is equivalent to a month.

The proposed capital structure of a company after new financing would be as follows:
Equity capital $25 \%$
Debt capital $50 \%$
Preference capital 10\%
Retained earnings $15 \%$
The firm has calculated the cost of each source of capital before-tax as follows:
Item
Cost

Equity capital 24 \%
Debt capital 8\%
Preference capital 23\%
Retained earnings 19 \%
Compute the weighted average cost of capital.
( $2 \times 15=30$ )

