1. Define skewness and kurtosis.

2. State and prove addition theorem on probability for two events.

3. Obtain the probability distribution of X, the number of heads in three tosses of a coin.

4. Define poisson distribution. Derive its mean.

5. Define standard normal distribution. Write its mean and varience.

6. Define marginal probability function.

7. State central limit theorem.

8. Define confidence interval.

#### PART B

Answer All Questions, Each question carries 6 marks

# **MODULE I**

9. An incomplete frequency distribution is given as follows:

Variable:	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Frequency:	12	30	?	65	?	25	18

Given that total frequency is 229 and median value is 46, determine the missing frequencies.

OR

#### Page **1** of **3**

# FIRST SEMESTER REGULAR MCA DEGREE EXAMINATION, DEC 2016

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

# **RLMCA 105-APPLIED PROBABILITY & STATISTICS**

(Statistical tables are permitted)

PART A

Answer All Questions

Each Question carries 3 marks

Max Marks: 60

Duration: 3 hours

Name:

**Total Pages:3** 

С с1С006

Reg.No.

# С с1С006

Marks:	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No.of							
students:	5	7	14	12	9	6	2

10. Calculate standard deviation from the following data:

# **MODULE II**

11. A committee of four has to be formed from among 3 economists, 4 engineers, 2 statisticians and 1 doctor.

i)What is the probability that each of the four professions is represented on the committee?

ii) What is the probability that the committee consists of a doctor and atleast one economist?

# OR

12. In a class of 75 students, 15 were considered to be very intelligent, 45 as medium and the rest below average. The probability that a very intelligent student fails in a viva-voice examination is 0.005; the medium student failing has a probability 0.05; and the corresponding probability for a below average student is 0.15. If a student is known to have passed the viva-voice examination, what is the probability that he is below average?

# MODULE III

13. A die is tossed twice. Getting 'a number greater than 4' is considered as success. Find the mean and varience of the probability distribution of the number of success.

#### OR

14. Fit a binomial distribution to the following data:

X:	0	1	2	3	4
f:	28	62	46	10	4

#### **MODULE IV**

15. Derive the mean and varience of continuous uniform distribution.

#### OR

16. In a normal distribution 31% of the items are under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and standard deviation of the distribution?

#### MODULE V

17. Explain different types of sampling.

#### OR

18. A random sample of 700 units from a large consignment showed that 200 were damaged.Find (i) 95% and (ii) 99% confidence limits for the proportion of damaged units in the consignment.

# MODULE VI

19. The mean height of 50 male students who showed above average participation in college athletics was 68.2 inches with a standard deviation of 2.5 inches; while 50 male students who showed no interest in such participation had a mean height of 67.5 inches with a standard deviation of 2.8 inches. Test the hypothesis that male students who participate in college athletics are taller than other male students.

# OR

20. In a big city 325 men out of 600 men were found to be smokers. Does this information support the conclusion that the majority of men in this city are smokers?