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Reg. No.....

Name.....

B.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.) EXAMINATION, JUNE 2018

Second Semester

B.A. Corporate Economics (Model III)

Core Course – EC 2CRT 06 – MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMIST – II

(2017 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define Derivatives.
- 2. What do you mean by Rectifiable curves?
- 3. What do you mean by Scalar Matrix?
- 4. What is meant by inverse of matrix?
- 5. What is null set?
- 6. If A = {1, 3, 5, 7, 9}, B = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10}, C = {3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 12}. Show that (A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C).
- 7. State any two assumptions in Transportation Technique.
- 8. Write a short note on North West Corner Rule.
- 9. Distinguish between feasible and basic feasible solutions.
- 10. What are unbalanced transportation problems?
- 11. Cite any two areas where assignment technique is applied.
- 12. What are travelling salesmen problems?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. How will be solve maximisation problems using assignment techniques?
- 14. Explain some of the areas where Transportation Techniques are employed.
- 15. Write a note on Vogel's approximation method.
- 16. Write a note on differentiation of vector valued functions.

17. Write a short note on : (a) Equality of Sets ; (b) Equivalent sets ; and (c) Super set.

18. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Find the matrix X such that A + B - X = 0.

19. Solve the equation :

| | 0 | 1 | 5 | | [1 | 2 | 3 | |
|------------|---|----|---|---|----|---|---|--|
| <i>x</i> + | 1 | 0 | 4 | = | 2 | 3 | 1 | |
| | 2 | -6 | 8 | | 3 | 2 | 1 | |

20. If A = {1, 2, 3}, B = (3, 4, 5}, C = {1, 3, 5}. Prove that A – (B \cup C) = (A – B) \cap (A – C).

21. Distinguish between Assignment problems and Transportation problems.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

22. Represent the following using Venn diagrams :

- (a) $A \cap B$.
- (c) $A \cap (B \cup C)$.

(d) $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$.

(b) $A \cup (B \cup C)$.

(e) $A - (B \cap C)$.

23. Give the matrices :

| | $\lceil 2 \rceil$ | 3 | 5 | | 5 | -9 | 6 | |
|-----|-------------------|---|---|---------|---|----|----|--|
| A = | 5 | 4 | 2 | and B = | 2 | 3 | -5 | |
| | 2 | 5 | 9 | | 4 | -9 | 7 | |

Find (i) A + B; (ii) A - B.

24. A company is faced with the problem of assigning five jobs to six different machines. The costs are estimated as follows (hundreds of rupees).

| | | | Jobs | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|----|-----|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | 2.5 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 5 | 1.5 | 7 | 3 |
| 3 | 3 | 6.5 | 2 | 8 | 3 |
| 4 | 3.5 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 4.5 |
| 5 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 6 |
| 6 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 10 | 6 |

Solve the problem assuming that the objectives is to minimise total cost.

25. Solve the following Transportation Problem to maximise profit :

Profit in Rs./Unit

Distribution

| | | Α | В | С | D | Supply |
|--------|---|----|----|----|----|--------|
| | 1 | 15 | 51 | 42 | 33 | 23 |
| Source | 2 | 80 | 42 | 26 | 81 | 44 |
| | 3 | 90 | 40 | 66 | 60 | 33 |
| Demand | | 23 | 31 | 16 | 30 | |

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

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