Reg No.:

Name:

## **APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** THIRD SEMESTER MCA DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018

### **Course Code: RLMCA205**

### **Course Name: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 3 Hours

# PART A

#### Answer all questions, each carries3 marks. Marks

1	With the help of a diagram explain the different levels of data abstraction?		
2	What is Theta join operation. Define natural join operation giving an example.	(3)	
3	Distinguish between HAVING and WHERE clause in SQL with example?		
4	Write down the general form of schema definition in SQL? Give an example.		
5	Define BCNF? Why is it rarely used than 3NF?		
6	Which are the main axioms of functional dependencies?		
7	What is starvation in concurrent transaction execution?		
8	Describe the importance of timestamps in concurrency control? How	(3)	
	timestamps are created?		

#### PART B

### Answer six questions, one full question from each module and carries 6 marks.

# Module I

9 Write briefly on any six advantages of database approach over conventional file (6) based approach.

# OR

How specialization differs from generalization? Explain with the help of an (6)E-R diagram?

# Module II

11 What is the need for *outer join* operation in relational algebra. Explain various (6) outer join operations.

# OR

12 Write on any six fundamental operations in relational algebra, giving examples. (6)

### Module III

13	List and explain the various components of SQL language?	(6)
----	----------------------------------------------------------	-----

### OR

14 Illustrate Union, Intersection and Difference operations in SQL. How are they (6) done with nested subquery. Give examples.

### Module IV

15 Consider the schema R = (A, B, C, D, E) together with the functional (6) dependencies:

A -> C

A, B -> D

C, D -> E

Suppose we decompose R into R1 = (A, B, C, D) and R2 = (A, D, E) Prove that this decomposition is a losslessjoin decomposition.

#### OR

16 Consider the following table *staff(<u>name</u>, dept, dept\_loc*). Whether the above (6) table is in 3NF? If not, state all anomalies of it and change to 3NF?

name	dept	dept_loc
smith	402	100
jones	401	200
turner	400	200
king	402	100
olson	401	200

#### Module V

17 What is conflict serializability? Explain how to determine whether a schedule is (6) conflict serializable or not.

#### OR

18 Write on various possible states of transactions and ACID properties? (6)

# Module VI

19 "Frequent Pattern Tree Algorithm uses association rules".Justify the statement? (6)

#### OR

20 Distinguish between data mining and data warehousing. (6)

\*\*\*\*