Reg No.:_ Name:_ APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY V SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), MAY 2019 **Course Code: EE307** Course Name: SIGNAL AND SYSTEMS Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** PART A Marks Answer all questions, each carries5 marks. Differentiate between energy and power signals with example. 1 (5) Find the Laplace transform and ROC of the signal $x(t) = e^{-3t}u(t) + e^{-2t}u(t)$. 2 (5) State and prove Parseval's theorem for energy signals. 3 (5) 4 Briefly explain zero order and first order hold circuits. (5) Find the Z transform and ROC of the signal $x(n) = a^n u(n)$. 5 (5) 6 State and prove initial value theorem of Z transform. (5) 7 Find the convolution of the given signals using DTFT. (5) $x_1(n) = \frac{1}{2}^n u(n)$ $x_2(n) = \frac{1}{2}^n u(n)$ Explain different types of nonlinearities present in the system. 8 (5) **PART B** Answer any twofull questions, each carries 10 marks. 9 Explain the different types of signals with example. (10)10 A continuous time LTI system is described by the differential equation (10) $\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 7\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 12y(t) = x(t)$. Determine the impulse response and step response given y(0) = -2, y'(0) = 0. 11 Define LTI system. Check the causality, time invariance and linearity of the (10) $system y(n) = x(n^2).$ PART C Answer any twofull questions, each carries 10 marks. Obtain the trigonometric Fourier series representation of a full wave rectifier (10) 12 given $x(t) = \sin t$. a) What is meant by convolution sum? Find the convolution sum given 13 (5) $x(n) = 2\delta(n+1) - \delta(n) + \delta(n-1) + 3\delta(n-2)$ b) Find the Exponential Fourier Transform of cos ωt (5)

14 State and prove the properties of Fourier transform. (10)

PART D

Answer any twofull questions, each carries 10 marks.

15 Find the inverse z transform using residue method (10)

$$X(z) = \frac{1+3z^{-1}}{1+3z^{-1}+2z^{-2}}; |z| > 2$$

Determine the DTFT of $x(n) = 2^n u(n)$. 16 a)

(6)

Write a note on Random signals and random processes. b)

(4)

(5)

Find the initial and final values of $X(z) = \frac{z-2}{(z-1)(z-3)}$. 17 a)

Define Properties of Fourier Series (any five) representation of Disrete Time b) (5) Signals
