

## **APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY2019

<b>-</b> -		Course Name: FUNDAMENTALS OF HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER		
Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3				
		PART A	Marks	
1	a)	Schematic diagram and assumptions-sphere – (2), Temperature distribution equation – (2), Heat transfer rate equation – (1), Thermal resistance equation –	(6)	
	1)			
	b)	Four boundary conditions – (4*1)	(4)	
2	a)	Figure (2) derivation(3)	(5)	
	b)	Data interpretation - (1), equation - (2), final answer - (2)	(5)	
3	a)	Convection definition $-(1)$ , rate equation $-(1)$ mass transfer equation(3)	(5)	
	b)	Velocity boundary layer explanation – (3), figure – (2)	(5)	
4	a)	Forced convection boiling $-(4)$ , figure $-(3)$	(7)	
	b)	Dropwise condensation-explanation – (1.5), Film condensation-explanation – (1.5)	(3)	
		PART B	1	
5	2)	Figure – (3), construction and parts – (3), working – (2)	(8)	
5	a)			
	b)	Statement of law $-(1)$ , equation $-(1)$	(2)	
6	a)	NTU method – (2), equation – (2), advantages – (1)	(5)	
	b)	Data interpretation $-(1)$ , equation $-(1)$ , final answer $-(3)$	(5)	
7	a)	Five theories $-(5*2)$	(10)	
8	a)	Equations $-(3)$ , derivation $-(4)$	(7)	
	b)	Definition of diffusion coefficient – $(2)$ , unit – $(1)$	(3)	
	1	PART C	1	

9	a)	Choice of solvent-minimum 7 criteria – (7*1)	(7)		
	b)	Three definitons – (3)	(3)		
10	a)	Discussion of HETP $-(3)$ , significance $-(2)$	(5)		
	b)	Absorption with chemical reaction $-(5)$	(5)		
11		Neat schematic- construction-parts-functions	(10)		
12	a)	V-L equilibria – graph – (3), discussion – (2)	(5)		
	b)	q-line definition – (2), importance – (3)	(5)		
13	a)	Differential distillation – figure – $(2)$ , discussion – $(2)$ , equations – $(2)$	(6)		
	b)	Reflux ratio – definition – (1), equation – (1), importance – (2)	(4)		
14		Mc-cabe Thiele method-assumptions	(3)		
		Continuous rectification column-schematic	(1)		
		Operating line equation- enriching section and stripping section	(2)		
		Graph-equilibrium line and operating lines	(2)		
		Procedure for calculating number of trays	(2)		
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